TENEBRAE



Introduction to Tenebrae

From the Latin word for "darkness," Tenebrae is the term given to the liturgical office of Holy Thursday, Good Friday and Holy Saturday as they were observed prior to the reform of Holy Week by Pope Pius XII in 1955. Dominicans have continued to pray Tenebrae each year as a particular tradition of the Order.

The practice of Tenebrae has roots as early as the 7th century, when those celebrating the Office would do so in almost complete darkness; the only light coming from a large candelabra called a hearse.

In the contemporary rite, the Office contains five psalms and one canticle. After each psalm or canticle, a set of candles is extinguished, representing the fleeing of the Apostles, until there is only one left, the so-called Christ candle.

The psalms are separated by three lessons taken from the Book of Lamentations, a collection of poems which grieve the Babylonian destruction in 587 B.C. of the temple in Jerusalem, and the ruin of the people of Israel. By describing the horrible situation which they now endure, the poems exhort the Israelites to mourn for having turned away from God to worship foreign, pagan gods. The great "Prayer of Jeremiah," which ends Tenebrae on Saturday, is a plea to God to relent in punishment and rescue the people, despite what they have done.

Today we can make these psalms and lamentations our own. As we pray them, we can seek pardon for our sins, as well as the sins of the whole world. We can reflect on any of the ways in which we as human beings have turned away from being "the image and likeness of God."

Holy Thursday Office of Readings

Hymn

The Word of God proceeding forth Yet leaving not his Father's side And going to his work on earth Had reached at length life's eventide.

Soon by his own false friend betrayed, Giv'n to his foes, to death went he; His own true self, in form of bread, He gave his friends, their life to be.

A double gift his love did plan, His flesh to feed, his blood to cheer, That flesh and blood, the whole of man, Might find its own fulfillment here.

The manger, Christ their equal made; That upper room, their soul's repast; The cross, their ransom dearly paid; And heaven, their high reward at last. Amen. L.M.



Ant. 1 I am worn out with crying, with longing for my God.

Psalm 69 I

Save me, <u>O</u> God for the waters have risen to <u>my</u> neck.

I have sunk into the mud of <u>the</u> deep and there is <u>no</u> foothold.

I have entered the waters of <u>the</u> deep and the waves o<u>ver</u>whelm me.

I am wearied with all <u>my</u> crying, my throat <u>is</u> parched.

My eyes are wasted <u>a</u>way from looking for <u>my</u> God.

More numerous that the hairs on <u>my</u> head are those who hate me with<u>out</u> cause.

Those who attack me with lies are too much for my strength.

How can I <u>re</u>store what I have ne<u>ver</u> stolen?

O God, you know my sin<u>ful</u> folly; my sins you <u>can</u> see.

Let not those who hope in you be put <u>to</u> shame through me, Lord <u>of</u> hosts.

Let not those who seek you be <u>dis</u>mayed through me, God <u>of</u> Israel.

It is for you that I suffer taunts, that shame covers my face,

that I have become a stranger to <u>my</u> brothers, an alien to my own mo<u>ther's</u> sons.

I burn with zeal for <u>your</u> house and taunts against you fall <u>on</u> me.

When I afflict my soul <u>with</u> fasting they make it a taunt <u>against</u> me.

When I put on sackcloth <u>in</u> mourning then they make me <u>a</u> byword,

the gossip of men at the gates, the subject of drunkards' songs.

[No "Glory to the Father ..."]

Ant. 2 I needed food and the gave <u>me</u> gall; I was parched with thirst and they gave <u>me</u> vinegar.

> Psalm 69 II

This is my prayer <u>to</u> you, my prayer for <u>your</u> favor.

In your great love, answer me, <u>O</u> God, with your help that ne<u>ver</u> fails:

rescue me from sinking in <u>the</u> mud; save me from <u>my</u> foes.

Save me from the waters of <u>the</u> deep lest the waves o<u>ver</u>whelm me.

Do not let the deep <u>engulf</u> me nor death close its mouth <u>on</u> me.

Lord, answer, for your love <u>is</u> kind; in your compassion, turn <u>towards</u> me.

Do not hide your face from <u>your</u> servant; answer quickly for I am in <u>dis</u>tress.

Come close to my soul and <u>re</u>deem me; ransom me pressed by <u>my</u> foes.

You know how they taunt and <u>de</u>ride me; my oppressors are all <u>be</u>fore you.

Taunts have broken <u>my</u> heart; I have reached the end of <u>my</u> strength.

I looked in vain for <u>compassion</u>, for consolers, not one could <u>I</u> find.

For food the gave <u>me</u> poison; in my thirst, they gave me vinegar <u>to</u>/drink.

[No "Glory to the Father ..."]

Ant. 3 Seek the Lord, and you will live.

Psalm 69

As for me in my poverty <u>and</u> pain let your help, O God, lift <u>me</u> up.

I will praise God's name with <u>a</u> song; I will glorify him with <u>thanksgiving</u>.

A gift pleasing God more <u>than</u> oxen, more than beasts prepared <u>for</u> sacrifice.

The poor when they see it will <u>be</u> glad and God-seeking hearts will <u>re</u>vive;

for the Lord listens to <u>the</u> needy and does not spurn his servants in <u>their</u> chains.

Let the heavens and the earth give <u>him</u> praise, the sea and all its li<u>ving</u> creatures.

For God will bring help to Zion and rebuild the cities/ of Judah and men shall dwell there in possession.

The sons of his servants shall <u>in</u>herit it; those who love his name shall dwell there.

[No "Glory to the Father ..."]

V. When I am lifted up from <u>the</u> earth. R. I will draw all people to <u>my</u>self.

Lesson I *Lamentations* 1:1-3

Here begins the lamentation of the Prophet Jeremiah.

Aleph. How lonely sits the city
that was full of people!
How like a widow has she become,
she that was great among the nations!
She that was a princess among the cities
has become a vassal.

Beth. She weeps bitterly in the night,
tears on her cheeks;
among all her lovers
she has none to comfort her;
all her friends have dealt treacherously with her,
they have become her enemies.

Ghimel. Judah has gone into exile because of affliction and hard servitude; she dwells now among the nations, but finds no resting place; her pursuers have overtaken her in the midst of her distress.

Jerusalem, Jerusalem, return to the Lord your God.

Responsory



On the Mount of Olives he prayed to the <u>Fa</u>ther, "Father, all things are possible for you, re<u>move</u> this cup from me.

The Spirit is willing but the <u>flesh</u> is weak; <u>your</u> will be done.

Nevertheless not my will but <u>yours</u> be done. <u>Your</u> will be done.

Lesson II Lamentations 1:4-6

Daleth. The roads to Zion mourn,
for none come to the appointed feasts;
all her gates are desolate,
her priests groan;
her maidens have been dragged away,
and she herself suffers bitterly.

Heh. Her foes have become the head,
her enemies prosper,
because the Lord has made her suffer
for the multitude of her transgressions;
her children have gone away,
captives before the foe.

Vau. From the daughter of Zion has departed all her majesty.Her princes have become like harts that find no pasture;they fled without strength before the pursuer.

Jerusalem, Jerusalem, return to the Lord your God.

Responsory



My soul is sad even <u>un</u>to death. Wait <u>here</u> and watch with me,

Now you will see the crowd that will sur<u>round</u> me; you shall flee and I will go to be <u>sa</u>crificed for you.

Behold, the hour is at hand, and the Son of Man/ will be betrayed into the hands of <u>sin</u>ners. You shall flee and I will go to be <u>sa</u>crificed for you.

Lesson III Lamentations 1:7-9

Zain. Jerusalem remembers
in the days of her affliction and bitterness
all the precious things
that were hers from days of old.
When her people fell into the hadns of the foe,
and there was none to help her,
the foe gloated over her,
mocking at her downfall.

Heth. Jerusalem sinned grievously, therefore she became filthy; all who honored her despise her, for they have seen her nakedness; yea, she herself groans and turns her face away.

Teth. Her uncleanness was in her skirts; she took no thought of her doom; therefore her fall is terrible, she has no comforter.

"O Lord, behold my affliction, for the enemy has triumphed!"

Jerusalem, Jerusalem, return to the Lord your God.

Responsory



Behold, we have seen him and he had neither form/ nor comeliness; his beauty has <u>gone</u> from him. It is our sins that he bears for us <u>that</u> he suffers.

Indeed, he was wounded for our transgressions; through his <u>stripes</u> we are healed.

Surely he has borne our griefs and carried our/<u>so</u>rrows; through his <u>stripes</u> we are healed.

Behold, we have seen him and he had neither form/ nor comeliness; his beauty has <u>gone</u> from him. It is our sins that he bears for us <u>that</u> he suffers.

Indeed, he was wounded for our transgressions; through his <u>stripes</u> we are healed.

Morning Prayer

Morning Prayer begins immediately after the last responsory with the first psalm.



Ant. 1 Look, O Lord, and see my suffering. Come quickly to my aid.

Psalm 8o

O shepherd of Isra<u>el</u>, hear us, you who lead Jo<u>seph's</u> flock,

shine forth from your cheru<u>bim</u> throne upon Ephraim, Benjamin, <u>Ma</u>nasseh.

O Lord, rouse up <u>your</u> might, O Lord, come to <u>our</u> help.

God of hosts bring <u>us</u> back; let your face shine on us and we shall <u>be</u> saved.

Lord God of hosts, <u>how</u> long will you frown on your peo<u>ple's</u> plea?

You have fed them with tears for <u>their</u>/ bread, an abundance of tears for <u>their</u> drink.

You have made us the taunt of <u>our</u> neighbors, our enemies laugh us <u>to</u> scorn.

God of hosts bring <u>us</u> back; let your face shine on us and we shall <u>be</u> saved.

You brought a vine out <u>of</u> Egypt; to plant it you drove out <u>the</u> nations.

Before it you cleared <u>the</u> ground; it took root and spread through <u>the</u> land.

The mountains were covered with <u>its</u> shadow, the cedars of God with <u>its</u> boughs.

It stretched out its branches to <u>the</u> sea, to the Great River it stretched out <u>its</u> shoots.

Then why have you broken down <u>its</u> walls? It is plucked by all who <u>pass</u> by.

It is ravaged by the boar of <u>the</u> forest, devoured by the beasts of <u>the</u> field.

God of hosts, turn again, we <u>implore</u>, look down from heaven <u>and</u> see.

Visit this vine and <u>pro</u>tect it, the vine your right hand <u>has</u> planted.

Men have burnt it with fire and <u>des</u>troyed it. May they perish at the frown of <u>your</u> face.

May your hand be on the man you <u>have</u> chosen, the man you have given <u>your</u> strength.

And we shall never forsake you <u>again</u>; give us life that we may call upon <u>your</u> name.

God of hosts bring <u>us</u> back; let your face shine on us and we shall <u>be</u> saved.

[No "Glory to the Father ..."]



Ant. 2 God is my savior;
I trust in him and shall not fear.

Exodus 15:1-4a, 8-13, 17-18

I will sing to the Lord, for he is glorious<u>ly</u> triumphant; horse and chariot he has cast in<u>to</u> the sea.

My strength and my courage <u>is</u> the Lord, and he has <u>been</u> my savior.

He is my <u>God</u>, I praise him; the God of my father, <u>I</u> extol him.

The Lord is a warrior, Lord <u>is</u> his name! Pharaoh's chariots and army he hurled in<u>to</u> the sea.

At a breath of your anger the waters piled up, the/flowing waters stood <u>like</u> a mound, the flood waters congealed in the midst <u>of</u> the sea.

The enemy boasted, "I will pursue and/ overtake them; I will divide the spoils and/ have my <u>fill</u> of them; I will draw my sword; my hand <u>shall</u> despoil / them!"

When your wind blew, the sea <u>co</u>vered them; like lead they sank in the <u>mighty</u> waters.

Who is like to you among the gods, O Lord? Who is like to you, magnificent in holiness?

O terrible in renown, wor<u>ker</u> of wonders, When you stretched out your right hand, the earth / <u>swa</u>llowed them!

In your mercy you led the people <u>you</u>/ redeemed; in your strength you guided them to your/ <u>ho</u>ly dwelling.

And you brought them in and planted them/ on the mountain of <u>your</u> inheritance – the place where you made your <u>seat</u>, O Lord,

the sanctuary, O Lord, which your <u>hands</u>/ established.

The Lord shall reign for ever and ever.

[No, "Glory to the Father ..."]





Ant. 3 The Lord had fed us with finest wheat; he has filled us with honey from the rock. (C & D)

Psalm 81

Ring your joy to God our <u>strength</u>, shout in triumph to the <u>God</u> of Jacob. (C & D)

Raise a song and <u>sound</u> the timbrel, the sweet-sounding harp <u>and</u> the lute; blow the trumpet at the new <u>moon</u>, when the moon is full, <u>on</u> our feast. For this is Is<u>ra</u>el's law, a command of the <u>God</u> of Jacob. He imposed it as a rule on <u>Joseph</u>, when he went out against the <u>land</u> of Egypt.

A voice I did not know <u>said</u> to me: "I freed your shoulder <u>from</u> the burden; your hands were freed from the <u>load</u>. You called in distress <u>and</u> I saved you.

I answered, concealed <u>in</u> the storm cloud; at the waters of Meribah I <u>tes</u>ted you. Listen, my people, to my <u>warning</u>. O Israel, if only <u>you</u> would heed!

Let there be no foreign <u>god</u> among you, no worship of an a<u>li</u>en god. I am the Lord your God, who brought you/ from the land of <u>Egypt</u>. Open wide your mouth and <u>I</u> will fill it.

But my people did not <u>heed</u> my voice and Israel would <u>not</u> obey, so I left them in their stubbornness of <u>heart</u> to follow their <u>own</u> designs.

> O that my peo<u>ple</u> would heed me, that Israel would walk <u>in</u> my ways! At once I would subdue their <u>foes</u>, turn my hand against their enemies.

The Lord's enemies would cringe <u>at</u> their feet and their subjection would <u>last</u> for ever. But Israel I would feed with finest <u>wheat</u> and fill them with honey <u>from</u> the rock."

[No "Glory to the Father ..."]

There is no reading. All stand for the Benedictus. **Benedictus**





Ant. The be<u>trayer</u>
had given them <u>a</u> sign, saying,
the one I shall kiss is the <u>man</u>.
Seize him!

Blessed be the Lord, the God of <u>Israel</u>; he has come to his people and <u>set</u> them free. He has raised up for us a mighty <u>savior</u>. Born of the house of his ser<u>vant</u> David.

Through his holy <u>prophets</u> he pro<u>mised</u> of old that he would save us from our <u>enemies</u>, from the hands of all <u>who</u> hate us.

He promised to show mercy to our <u>fathers</u> and to remember his <u>ho</u>ly covenant.
This was the oath he <u>swore</u> to our father Abraham:

to set us free from the hands of our <u>enemies</u>, free to worship him <u>with</u>out fear, holy and righteous in his sight all the days of <u>our</u> life.

You, my child, shall be called the prophet/ of the Most <u>High</u>, for you will go before the Lord to pre<u>pare</u> his way to give his people knowledge of sal<u>vation</u> by the forgiveness of <u>their</u> sins.

In the tender compassion of our <u>God</u> the dawn from on high shall <u>break</u> upon us, to shine on those who dwell in darkness and the shadow of <u>death</u>, and to guide our feet into the way <u>of</u> peace.

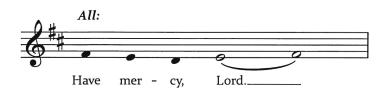
[No "Glory to the Father ..."]

After the Benedictus ...





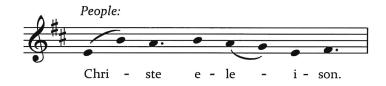






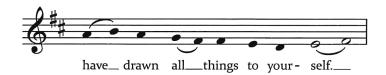
Christ the Lord be came o - be di ent un to death._

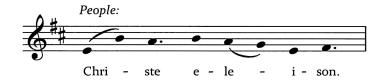






You who with arms out streched u pon the cross,

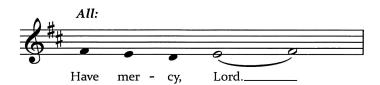










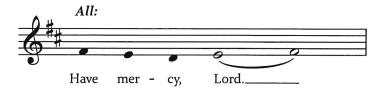






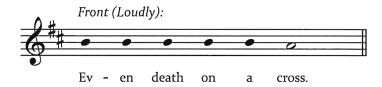








Christ the Lord be came o - be di ent un to death._



At this point, all immediately kneel and pray silently for a short while. The Our Father is then recited out loud.

Prayer

Look kindly, we beg you, Lord, upon this your household, for which our Lord Jesus Christ did not hesitate to deliver himself into the hands of sinners and to endure the torment of the Cross.

All depart in silence.

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